EDITORIAL

¿What is an introduction?

All world to speak her, all think to know his formal functions in all academic and scientific writing. This something, but it know his meaning, so even though there. This ignorance supposes is a product of academic, its meaning is understood and miss out the reflection over aspect that should to have his content.

In the dialogic between academics, scientific and students, the imaginary and representative introduction the standing meaning, is the beginning any study, for others persons, is the abstract, investigations the final report, scientific article, essay, abstracts notes, but its say nothing about this.

This last feature for do introduction is diffuse, understood, there are few reports since the practical reason than speak for her, for that the methodologist and epistemologist haven’t can answer the questions ¿What is the introduction? ¡Then a introduction! And ¿How is made? Then doing an introduction to the them, topic, for abstract the more important the document.

This is serious mistake and simple over the point more importants methodologically in the written paper and fundamentally scientific world. For this reason, this editorial research to understand the mean since the perspective knows to do.

An introduction is the doors to win, is an important phase and big written document and for the reader, because is interesting to continues reading. All introduction in these words should be refreshing, feelings awake in the writer and hermeneut.

¿Whats are the aspects meaning to the introduction? ¿What are the guidelines or presuppositions for an interesting introduction? Therefore, these questions allow me to develop references for do an introduction and answer to a sensible proposal, free criticism and big contributions.

The first points relates to the subject’s contextualization, a good introduction in their opening paragraphs must be submitted to the central categories that are embodied in the title, so he served with readers into direct contact with the subject in terms of location and the context. This point in addition, must be accompanied by thematic boundaries and perspectives from which the work is made, which means that you can perform clarifications, observances and Warnings.

A second points refers to one of the most important aspects of the introduction, as is the challenge to the reader and generate motivation, this is done primarily with the problematization in synthesis of research articles, essays, between others. The read-
er, identify the conflicts and problems show the study’ purpose. To realize that aspect two things are recommended, making not only a question problem, but several sub-questions, problems, they naturally are used as provocations, of which only his answer would be known in the background work. In addition to questions may include hypothesis, in spite of its quantitative inclination, they are available for qualitative approaches.

The third points relates to visualize the study’s purpose, these work objectives’ are done, also it stated in this aspect to make understood the teleological nature of the investigation, the essays, article, between others, the desire and want to do. Also, this approach works as work’ justification, which should describe their receiver if it is the case.

The last points is the planning or planning is not the most important, not the least importance, but depends on the victory of becoming short of labor. This point is essentially the work’ architecture and his develop, the reader, evaluator, hermeneutics, describe ¿How are you going to work? What would be your phases? These are made using a logical relationship, where the frequency development’work is denote. It can be done in alphabetical or numerical order, and you must add an infinitives verb (those in the case of a strict research are the specific objectives and in the case of a scientific article or essay responds to the development or body of these). If is the case, you can to understand and explain the paragraphs and if you desired can be described in each sub-classification tools to use, since theoretical perspective, school or author is thought the development a subtopic.

According to plan, is importance the better introduction, for example, I recommend three things: 1) when attending a conference, a seminar, conference, meeting, you must to observe and listen carefully as the speaker develops the introduction to his documents as speaker. A good introduction in this case will be a successful conference; 2) In a criminal process, in special a trial, a good lawyer should make a very good introduction in the opening statements of this trial phase, and 3) You should to read and see the better theoretical introductions, indoctrinators and jurists, avoid see the introduction in literary works, and you don’t worry about understand both reading, you should worry about seeing the writing style and structure and planning that gives the writer to work.

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