

# Revista Colombiana de Anestesiología

Colombian Journal of Anesthesiology



www.revcolanest.com.co

### **Questions and Answers**

## Questions and Answers\*

### Preguntas y respuestas

### Fernando Raffán-Sanabria a,b

- <sup>a</sup> Anesthesiologist, Intensivist, Fundación Santa Fe de Bogotá University Hospital, Bogotá D. C., Colombia
- b Professor, Bosque University and Los Andes University, Bogotá D. C., Colombia
- The paper by Bolaños-Arboleda D, Fonseca-Ruiz N, Socha-García N, et al., when comparing the use of etilefrine versus phenylephrine, reported the following findings:
  - a) A higher pH value in the umbilical artery of pregnant patients receiving etilefrine
  - b) Longer hypotension times with etilefrine
  - c) Higher, statistically significant incidence of nausea and vomiting in the group receiving phenylephrine
  - d) There was no significant Apgar score difference in the newborn babies at five minutes
- With regards to postoperative delirium, the following are not true:
  - a) It is an independent factor associated with an increased postoperative mortality
  - b) It usually develops between the first and the third postoperative day
  - c) The overall incidence among patients over 65 years of age ranges from 1 to 5%
  - d) The use of perioperative steroids has been considered a risk factor
- 3. With regards to the postoperative cognitive function, the following statements are true:
  - a) It is a complication that occurs during the first seven days and up to three months after surgery
  - No correlation with postoperative mortality has been identified

- Avoiding BIS values below 30 for over 20 minutes is considered to reduce the incidence of complications
- d) A highly significant difference was identified in Bryson's meta-analysis between the use of regional versus general anesthesia, in favor of the former
- 4. Which of the following strategies for prophylactic platelet transfusion in pediatric patients has the best evidence for recommendation?
  - a) Over 50,000 platelets for bronchoalveolar lavage
  - b) Over 50,000 platelets for transjugular liver biopsy
  - c) Over 100,000 platelets in major surgery of leukemia patients
  - d) Over 50,000 platelets for placing a central venous catheter
- 5. Which of the following clinical manifestations is not part of Horner's syndrome?
  - a) Anhydrosis
  - b) Lid ptosis
  - c) Miosis
  - d) Nistagmus
- 6. The pathophysiology of fragility is associated with all of the following, except for:
  - a) Decrease of interleukin 6
  - b) Excessive oxidative stress

<sup>†</sup> Please cite this article as: Raffán-Sanabria F. Preguntas y respuestas. Rev Colomb Anestesiol. 2016;44:263–264. 2256-2087/

- c) Deregulation of the immune systems
- d) Increased C-reactive protein
- 7. With regards to microcirculation, which of the following statements is false?
  - a) Represents over 90% of the endothelium
  - b) It is made up of small vessels, usually less than 300 microns in diameter
  - c) It is made up of arterial capillaries and venules that regulate the blood flow distribution to each organ
  - d) Under hypoperfusion condition, microcirculation may further deteriorate with mechanical ventilation
- 8. Which of the following microcirculation monitoring approaches enable the identification of early disruptions?
  - a) The presence of mottled skin when resuscitation is longer than three hours
  - b) Capillary filling longer than 15 s
  - c) Central temperature foot temperature delta measurement of more than 7 degrees
  - d) Laser Doppler flowmetry
- 9. In terms of the effects that anesthetic agents may have over the microcirculation, the following are true:
  - a) Thiopental and Ketamine promote vasodilatation by inhibiting the type L calcium channels
  - b) Etomidate promotes vasodilatation by inhibiting the calcium channels and increasing interleukin 10
  - c) Propofol inhibits the potassium channels and reduces the hepatosplacnic blood flow

- d) Propofol reduces nitric oxide and increases the capillary density by 30%
- 10. With regards to transfusion therapy in pediatrics, all of the following are considered good practice, except for:
  - a) Patients should be transfused with red blood cells at all times with ABO and Rh-D compatible groups
  - b) Children undergoing transfusion therapy shall be immunized against hepatitis B
  - c) The red blood cells transfusion infusion rate shall not exceed 5 ml/kg/h
  - d) Patients undergoing chemotherapy shall maintain hemoglobin levels ranging between 10 and 12 g%

#### **Answers**

- 1. d.
- 2. c.
- 3. a.
- 4. b.
- 5. d.
- 6. a.
- 7. b.8. c.
- 9. a.
- 10. d.

#### Reference

Raffán F. Preguntas y respuestas. *Rev Colomb Anestesiol*. 2016;44: 1–185.